

TRECVID 2015 INSTANCE RETRIEVAL

INTRODUCTION AND TASK OVERVIEW

Wessel Kraaij
TNO; Radboud University Nijmegen



Paul Over
NIST

George Awad
Dakota Consulting ; NIST

Task

Example use case: *browsing a video archive, you find a video of a person, place, or thing of interest to you, known or unknown, and want to find more video containing the same target, but not necessarily in the same context.*

System task:

- Given a topic with:
 - 4 example images of the target
 - 4 ROI-masked images
 - 4 shots from which the example images came
 - a target type (OBJECT/LOGO, PERSON, LOCATION)
 - Attribute Multi <Yes/No> : single vs multiple instances ('the' vs 'a')
 - <topic title>
- Return a list of up to 1000 shots ranked by likelihood that they contain the topic target
- **Automatic** or **interactive** runs are accepted



Data ...

The BBC and the AXES project made **464 hours** of the BBC soap opera EastEnders available for research

- 244 weekly “omnibus” files (MPEG-4) from 5 years of broadcasts
- 471527 shots
- Average shot length: 3.5 seconds
- Transcripts from BBC
- Per-file metadata

Represents a “small world” with a slowly changing set of:

- People (several dozen)
- Locales: homes, workplaces, pubs, cafes, open-air market, clubs
- Objects: clothes, cars, household goods, personal possessions, pets, etc
- Views: various camera positions, times of year, times of day,

Use of fan community metadata allowed, if documented

Topic creation procedure @ NIST

- Viewed every tenth video
- Created ~90 topics targeting recurring specific objects or persons
 - Emphasized objects over people
 - People: mixture of unnamed extras, named characters
 - Objects: most clearly bounded, various sizes, most rigid, some mobile (e.g. varying contexts)
 - All: various camera angles/distances, some variation in lighting
- Chose representative sample of 30 topics, then example images from test videos, many from the sample video (ID 0)
- Filtered example shots from the submissions

Global test condition: type of training data

Effect of examples – 2 conditions:

- A – one or more provided images – no video
- E - video examples (+ optionally image examples)

Topics – segmented example images



Source



Region of interest mask

**“this brass piano lamp
with green shade”**

Topics – 26 Objects

Topic: **True positives:**
129 **265**



this silver necklace ...

130 **1735**



a chrome napkin holder

131 **402**



a green and white iron

132 **68**



this brass piano lamp

133 **112**



this lava lamp

134 **472**



this cylindrical spice rack

Topics – 26 Objects (cont.)

Topic: 135 **True positives:** 60



this turquoise stroller

139 **33**



this shaggy dog

136 **83**



this yellow VW beetle

140 **95**



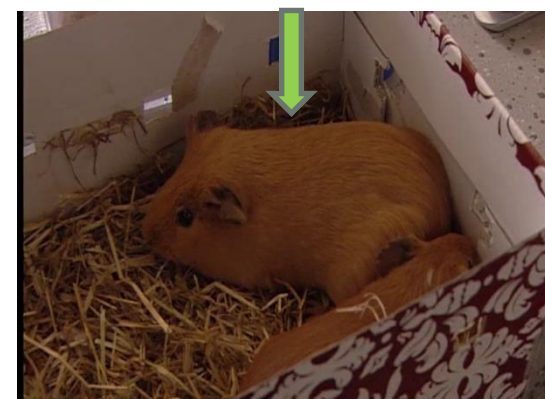
a Walford Gazette banner

137 **134**



a Ford script logo

141 **52**



this guinea pig

Topics – 26 Objects (cont.)

Topic: 142 **True positives:** 44



this chihuahua (Prince)

144 **256**



this doorknocker on #27

145 **397**



this jukebox wall unit

146 **528**



this change machine

147 **19**



this table lamp

148 **1308**



this cash register

Topics – 26 Objects (cont.)

Topic: 150 **True positives:** 1103



this IMPULSE game

152 **638**



this PIZZA game

153 **874**



this starburst wall clock

154 **747**



this neon Kathy's sign

155 **127**



this dart board

156 **661**



a 'DEVLIN' lager logo

Topics – 26 Objects (cont.)

Topic: True positives:
157 682

158

437



this picture of flowers



this flat wire vase with flowers

Topics – 2 Persons

138

448

143

105



this man with moustache

this bald man

Topics – 2 Locations

149

286



this Walford Community Center entrance from street

151

94



this Walford Police Station entrance from street

INS 2015: 14 Finishers (2014:23, 2013:22, 2012:24)

BUPT_MCPRL	Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications
ITI_CERTH	Centre for Research and Technology Hellas
insightdcu	Dublin City University; University Polytechnica Barcelona
NII_Hitachi_UIT	National Institute of Informatics; Hitachi, Ltd; U. of Inf. Tech.
NTT	NTT Communication Science Laboratories
ORAND	ORAND S.A. Chile
PKU-ICST	Peking University ICST
TUC	Technische Universitaet Chemnitz
<u>Trimps</u>	<u>Third Research Institute of the Ministry of Public Security, China</u>
Tsinghua_IMMG	Tsinghua University
Sheffield_UETLahore	University of Sheffield, Lahore U. of Engineering and Technology
<u>UQMG</u>	<u>University of Queensland - DKE Group of ITEE</u>
U_TK	University of Tokushima
NERCMS	Wuhan University

BLUE indicates team submitted interactive runs

Evaluation

For each topic the submissions were pooled and judged down to at least rank 100 (on average to rank 350, max 460), resulting in 205527 judged shots (~ 600 person-hrs).

10 NIST assessors played the clips and determined if they contained the topic target or not.

12265 clips (avg. 408.8 / topic) contained the topic target (6%)

True positives per topic: min 19 med 275.5 max 1735

Table lamp

Napkin holder

trec_eval_video was used to calculate average precision, recall, precision, etc.

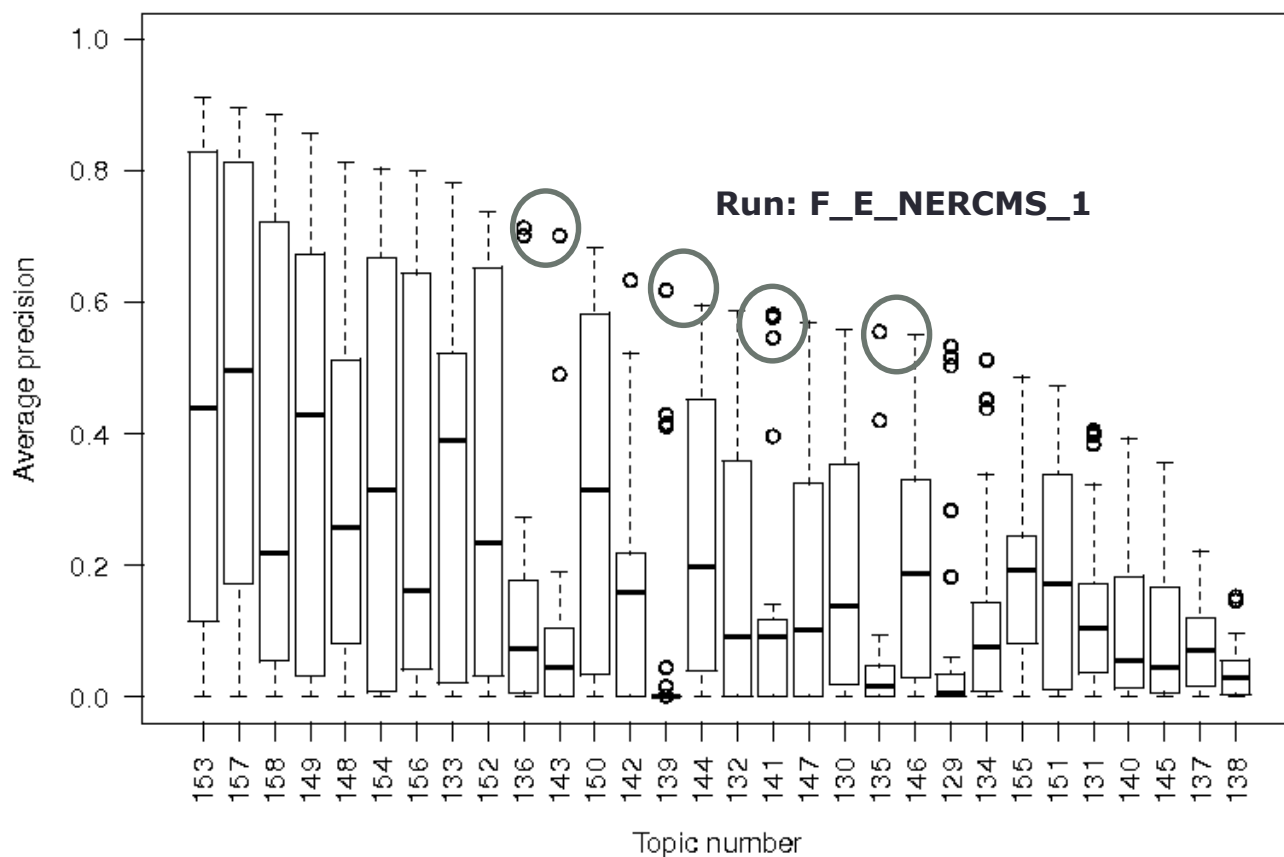
Results by topic - automatic

Targets with single location in BLUE

Boxplot of 44 TRECVID 2015 automatic instance search runs

Text

- 153 this starburst wall clock
- 157 this picture of flowers
- 158 this flat wire vase with flowers
- *149 this Walford Community Cntr...
- 148 this cash register
- 154 this neon Kathy's sign
- 156 a 'DEVLIN' lager logo
- 133 this lava lamp
- 152 this PIZZA game
- 136 this yellow VW beetle...
- +143 this bald man
- 150 this IMPULSE game
- 142 this Chihuahua dog
- 139 this shaggy dog
- 144 this doorknocker on #27
- 132 this brass piano lamp...
- 141 this guinea pig
- 147 this table lamp...
- 130 a chrome napkin holder
- 135 this turquoise stroller
- 146 this change machine
- 129 this silver necklace
- 134 this cylindrical spice rack
- 155 this dart board
- *151 this Walford Police Station...
- 131 a green and white iron
- 140 a Walford Gazette banner
- 145 this jukebox wall unit
- 137 a Ford script logo
- +138 this man with moustache



*: location
+: person

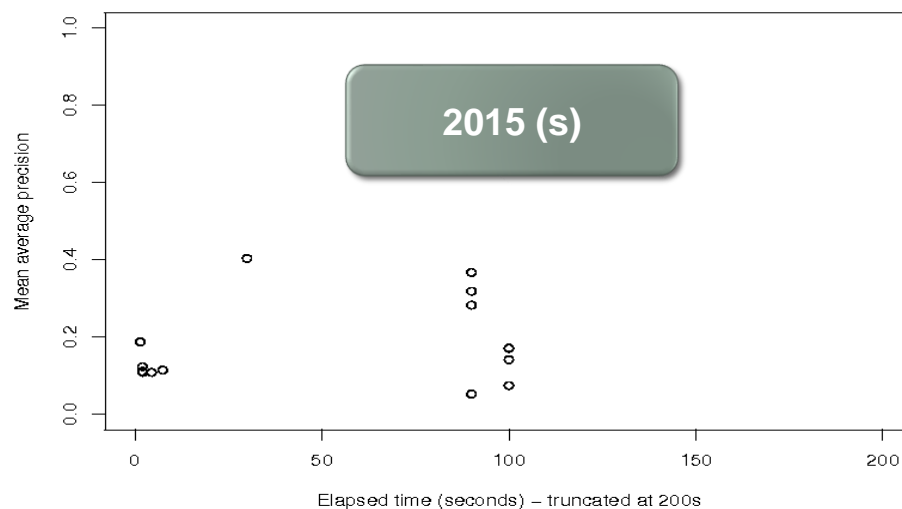
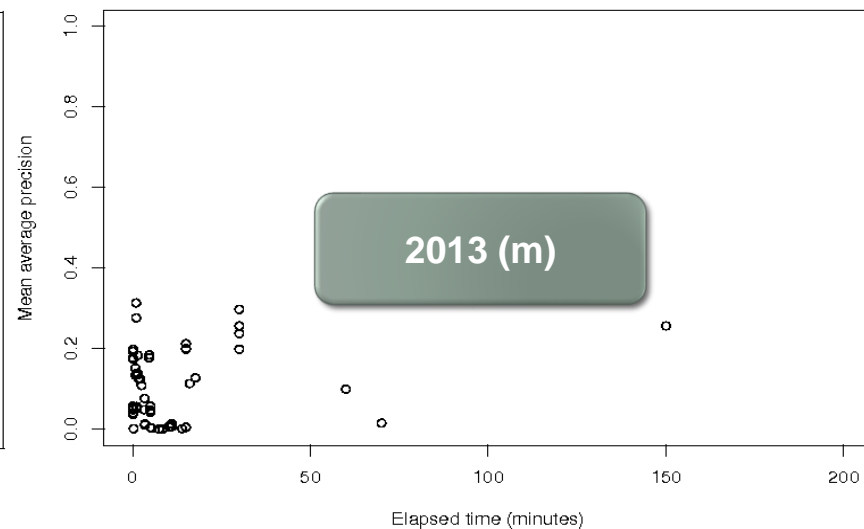
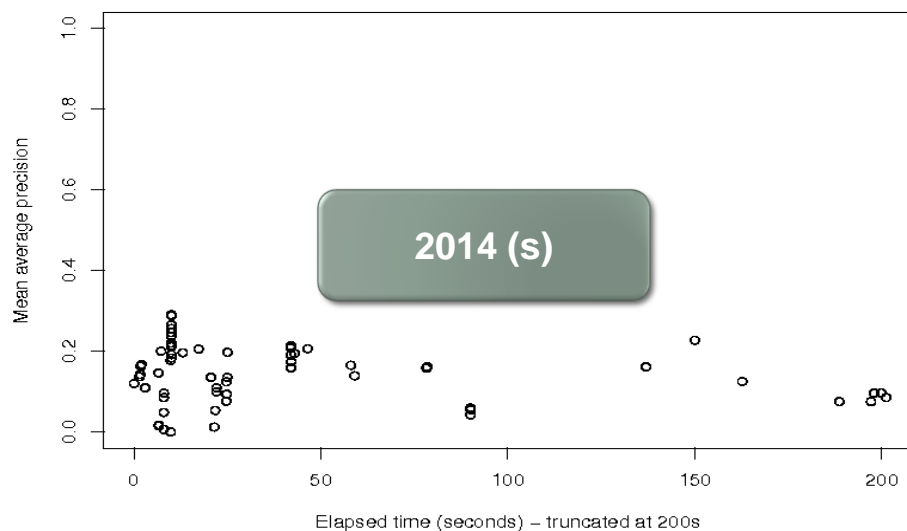
Run results + Randomization testing

MAP	Top 10 runs across all teams (automatic)											
0.453	F_Ⓔ_PKU_ICST_1	=		>			>			>		
0.443	F_Ⓔ_PKU_ICST_3		=									
0.424	F_A_PKU_ICST_4			=								
0.424	F_A_NII_Hitachi UIT_3				=							
0.418	F_A_NII_Hitachi UIT_4					=				>		
0.415	F_A_NII_Hitachi UIT_2						=			>		
0.403	F_A_BUPT_MCPRL_4							=				
0.403	F_A_BUPT_MCPRL_3								=			
0.403	F_A_BUPT_MCPRL_1									=		
0.401	F_A_NII_Hitachi UIT_1									=		
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

p = probability the row run scored better than the column run due to chance

> p < 0.05

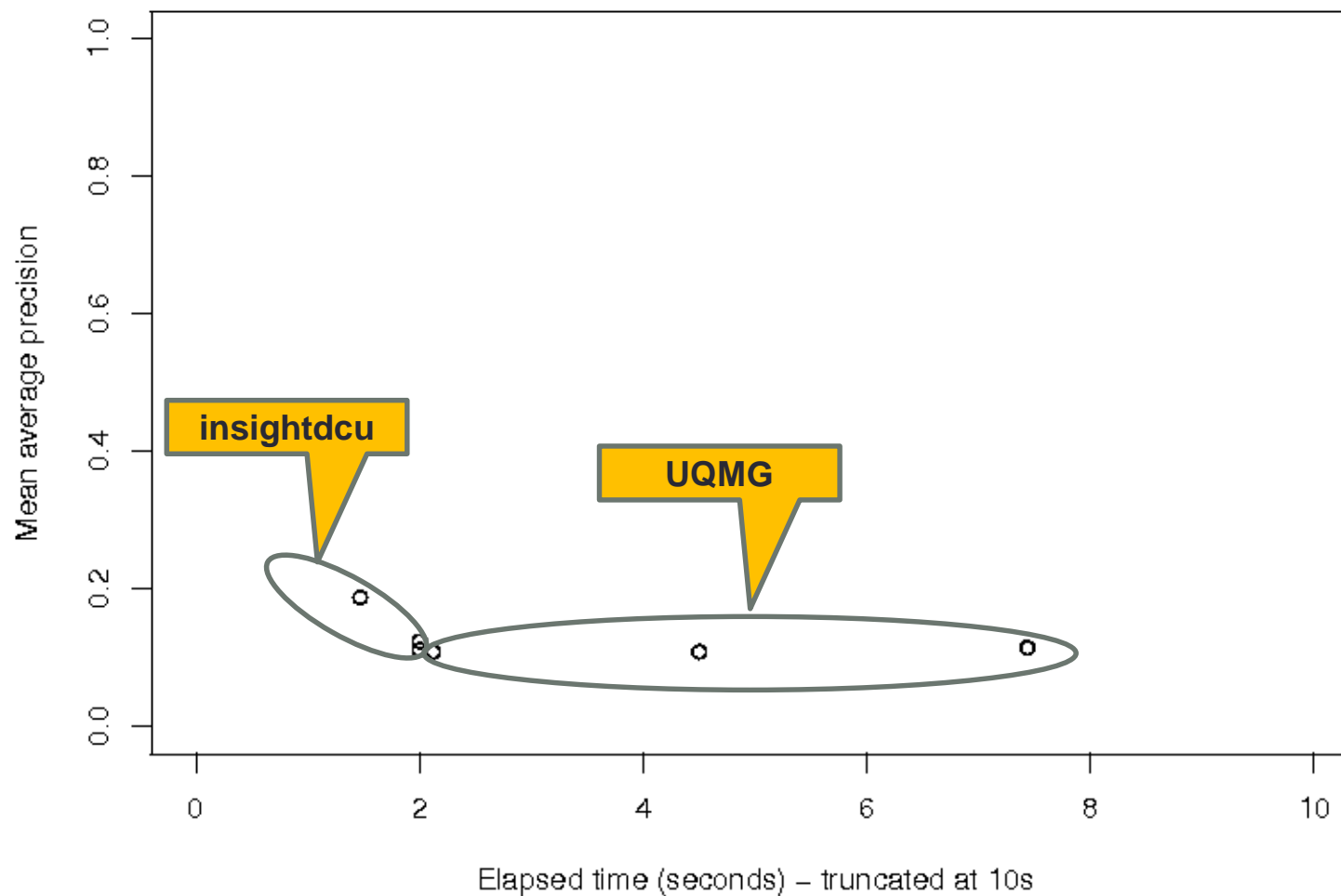
MAP vs. per query clock processing time (automatic)



17 out 50 runs
< 200s

MAP vs. fastest query processing time

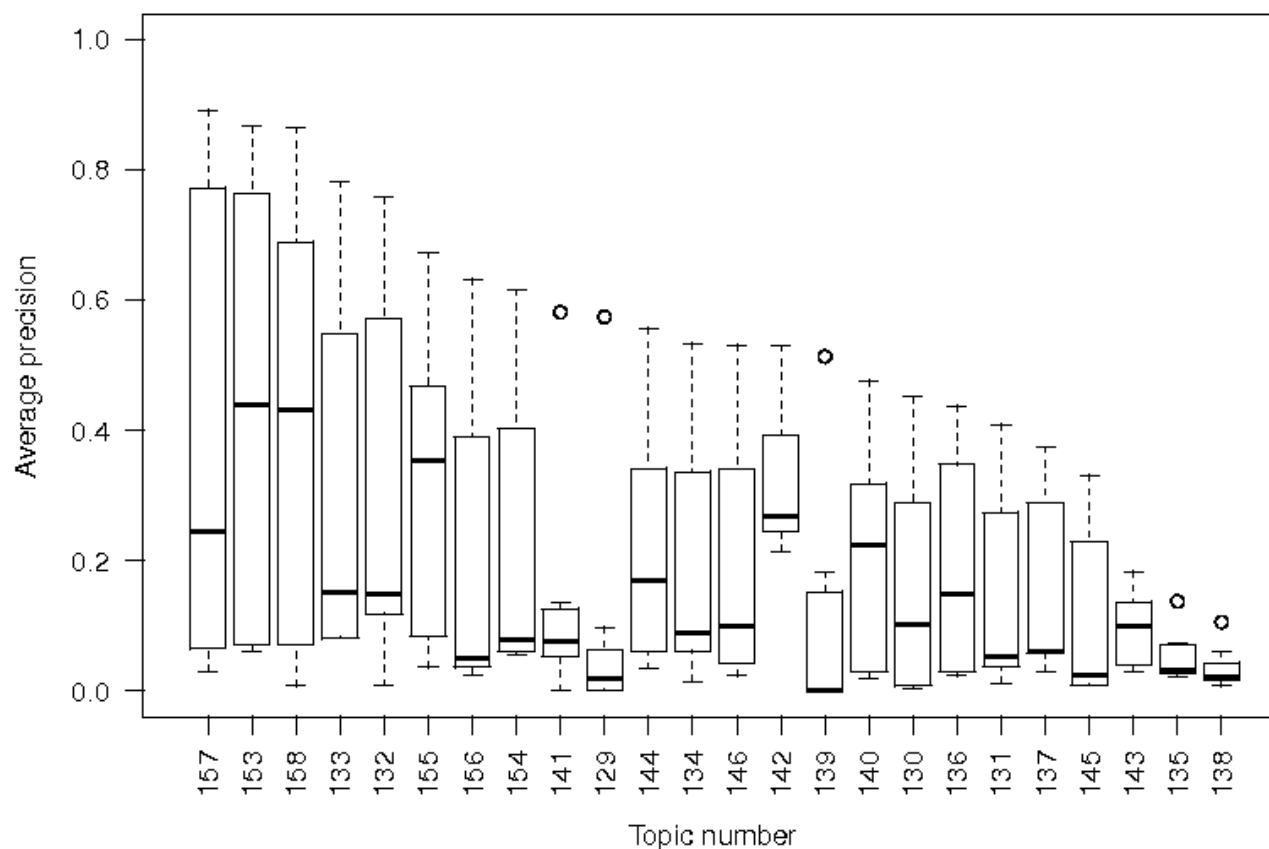
(<=10 s, automatic)



Results by topic - interactive

Targets with single location in BLUE

Boxplot of 7 TRECVID 2015 interactive instance search runs



Text

- 157 [this picture of flowers](#)
- 153 [this starburst wall clock](#)
- 158 [this flat wire vase with flowers](#)
- 133 [this lava lamp](#)
- 132 [this brass piano lamp...](#)
- 155 [this dart board](#)
- 156 [a 'DEVLIN' lager logo](#)
- 154 [this neon Kathy's sign](#)
- 141 [this guinea pig](#)
- 129 [this silver necklace](#)
- 144 [this doorknocker on #27](#)
- 134 [this cylindrical spice rack](#)
- 146 [this change machine](#)
- 142 [this Chihuahua dog](#)
- 139 [this shaggy dog](#)
- 140 [a Walford Gazette banner](#)
- 130 [a chrome napkin holder](#)
- 136 [this yellow VW beetle...](#)
- 131 [a green and white iron](#)
- 137 [a Ford script logo](#)
- 145 [this jukebox wall unit](#)
- +143 [this bald man](#)
- 135 [this turquoise stroller](#)
- +138 [this man with moustache](#)

Run Results, Randomization testing

Top 10 runs across all teams (interactive)

MAP

0.517	I_Ⓔ_PKU_ICST_2	=	>	>	>	>	>	>	
0.388	I_A_BUPT_MCPRL_2	=	>	>	>	>	>	>	
0.269	I_A_insightdcu_3	=	>	>	>	>	>	>	
0.171	I_Ⓔ_TUC_1	=	>	>	>	>	>	>	
0.064	I_A_ITI_CERTH_1	=						>	
0.053	I_A_ITI_CERTH_2	=							
0.046	I_A_ITI_CERTH_3	=							
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7

p = probability the row run scored better than the column run due to chance

> p < 0.05

Automatic vs interactive topics

(ranked by max performance on the topic)

Automatic

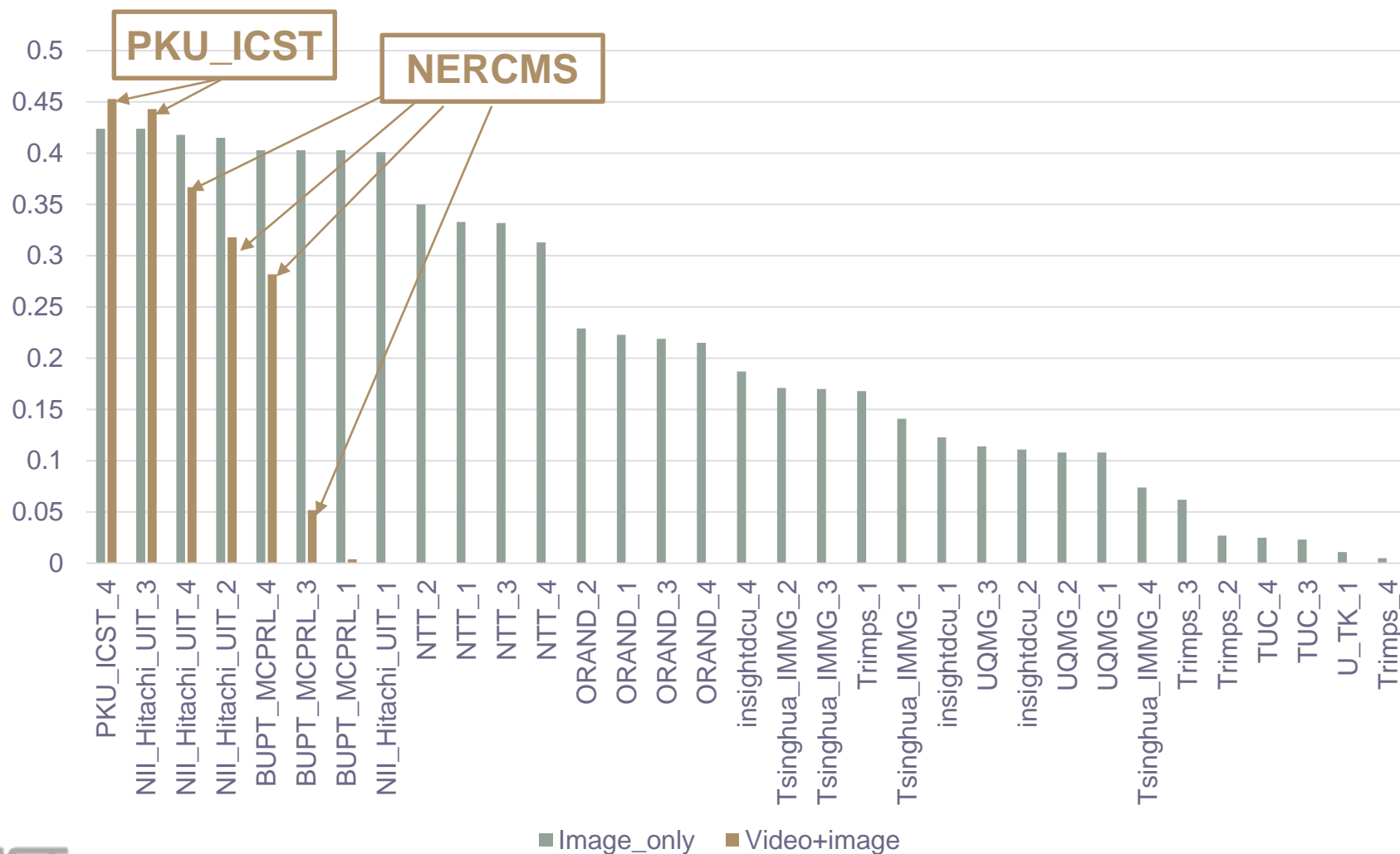
153 this starburst wall clock
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Interactive

157 this picture of flowers
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Single contexts

Results by example set (A/E) - automatic



Some general observations about the task

- 3rd iteration on the Eastenders dataset:
 - Drop in number of participants
 - MAP has increased, not clear if this means progress
 - But: participants report a bit of progress (compared to last year systems)
 - Persons are still the most difficult category
 - progress smaller, perhaps needs new challenge
- E condition was used by just a few teams
 - But the E (video) condition was used for top runs
- Interactive search task
 - Helps improving MAP of instances with varying backgrounds

Overview of submissions (1)

- 11 out of 14 teams described INS runs for the TV notebook
- 4 teams will present their INS experiments
 - **2:30 - 2:50**, NTT (NTT Comm. Science Lab.; NTT Media Intelligence Lab.)
 - **2:50 - 3:10**, NERCMS (Wuhan University - Natl. Eng. Res. Center for MM Software)
 - **3:10 - 3:30**, BUPT_MCPRL (Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications)
 - **3:30 - 3:50**, **Break** with refreshments
 - **3:50 - 4:10**, NII_HITACHI-UIT (National Inst. of Informatics; Hitachi; U. of Inf. Tech.)
 - **4:10 - 4:30**, Discussion

Overview of submissions (2)

- Nearly all systems use some form of SIFT local descriptors
 - Large variety of experiments addressing representation, fusion or efficiency challenges
- Most systems also include a CNN component
 - Better understanding when CNN can help
- Many experiments with post-processing (spatial verification, feedback)
- Exploring closed captions and fan resources for additional evidence (using topic descriptive text)

Finding an optimal representation

- Teams report improvement from processing more frames (**Wuhan**)
- Combining different feature types (local/global)
 - **BUPT**: Use CNN for both local and global features + 3 local features
- Direct comparison CNN vs SIFT
 - **InsightDCU**: SIFT/BovW outperforms CNN only runs, features from convolutional layers better than fully connected
- Combination methods
 - **PKU-ICST**: fuse CNN, SIFT BOW and text (captions)

Finding an optimal representation (2)

- **LAHORE en SHEFFIELD:** 4 different combinations of 4 different local features and 4 matching methods
 - (i) combining hsvSIFT features with GMM matching rank list,
 - (ii) SIFT features with Bhattacharya distance for similarity measurement,
 - (iii) Combination of Colour SIFT descriptor with LUCENE, Terrier matching algorithm,
 - iv) HOG(Histogram of Oriented Gradients) features alone, matching: euclidean distance.
- **TRIMPS:** compared
 - 1. BOW: oppo-SIFT + Streamed-KMeans + FastANN
 - 2. RCNN global features (euclidean distance)
 - 3. Selective Search + CNN + LSH
 - 4. HOGgles + local features
- **TU_CHEMNITZ:** explored classification of audio track (as in 2014)

Finding an optimal representation (3)

- **UMQG:** (Queensland)
 - New approach based on object detection and indexing
 - 1. video decomposition, extracting objects
 - 2. describing objects (CNN)
 - 3. matching query image with nearest object
 - Codebook, quantization
 - Result: approach cannot rival yet standard SIFT/BOW approach

Dealing with query images

- How to exploit the mask (focus vs background)
 - **Wuhan:** manual selection of ROI on different query images: helped significantly.
- Combining sample images
 - Not mentioned in papers
- Exploiting the full query video clip (for query expansion)
 - Successfully applied by **PKU_ICST** and **NERCS**
 - Full clips are also mined for interactive runs (Chemnitz, Wuhan)

Matching

- Typically: Inverted files for fast lookup in sparse BoW space (Lucene),
- Experiments with similarity function:
 - **BUPT** Query adaptive late fusion (equals manual tuned system)
 - **Wuhan**: Asymmetrical query adaptive matching
- Pseudo relevance feedback, query expansion
 - Mentioned in several papers

Postprocessing the ranked list (1)

- **InsightDCU:** weak geometry consistency check for spatial filtering helped
- **NII-HITACHI:** postprocessing experiments
 - 1. query adaptive weighting, DPM and BOW (weight based on NN)
 - 2. DPM (deformable part models) and Fast RCNN
 - 2nd system is slightly better than last year's system
- **Wuhan university:**
 - Apply face filter and color filter (as in 2014)
 - new: adjacent shot matching,
 - new: query text expansion/matching on captions

Postprocessing the ranked list (2)

- **NTT: spatial verification**

- 1. Ensemble of weak geometric relations (multiple pairwise geometric constraints)
- 2. Angle Free : Hough voting in 3D camera motion space
- Methods are complementary and combination yields best results

- **TU Chemnitz:**

- Indoor/Outdoor detector based on audio analysis for removing false matches
- Sequence clustering (similar shots)

Interactive experiments

- **TU_CHEMNITZ:** 1 run; fast review of 3500 instances, improved on automatic
- **BUPT:** 1 run (performed lower than automatic)
- **INSIGHTDCU:** 1 run (outerperformed automatic)
- **ITI_CERTH:** 3 runs: BoW, saliency detection, combi (small differences)
- **PKU_ICST:** 2 rounds of relevance feedback on initial run. Fusion with original run

End of INS overview

Some questions

- Is 464 hours of video challenging enough?
- Should we decrease interactive search time?
- Should we explore natural language queries (cf. visualqa)?
“the guy in the background with the moustache”
- Exploiting captions
 - How do we deal with the success of using the closed captions?
 - Need special run category?
- Any ideas for experimental contrast conditions that we want to focus on as a community? Any ideas for new data?
E.g. images vs video example, types of modalities,

Recommendations for the final paper

- Re-run a TV13 or TV12 on TV 14 data to help monitoring progress over the years.
- Perform a per topic or per topic class error analysis to get a better understanding about the pros and cons of certain techniques for particular target characteristics. *Why did it work or fail?*

INS 2016 plans

Continue with same test data and new set of 30 topics

Consider new type of topic: location + person

- Provide training video for a small set of named locations
- Topics will contain
 - reference by name to one of known locations
 - ad hoc person target with 4 image examples and source video shots
- Task: search for shots containing the target person in the target location