## **Dense Encoding for Video-to-Text Matching**

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## **Matching and Ranking Task**

**Task:** given a query video, participants are asked to rank a list of pre-defined sentences.



## **Cross-modal Similarity**

Key question: how to compute cross-modal similarity?



Common space based cross-modal retrieval

## **Cross-modal Retrieval**

Common space based cross-modal retrieval models can be typically decomposed into two modules:

- Data encoding
- Common space learning

video as a sequence of frames sentence as a sequence of words



A boy jumps on a trampoline

## **Our Model**



## **Dual Dense Encoding**

By jointly exploiting multi-level encodings, dual dense encoding is designed to explicitly model global, local and temporal patterns in videos and sentences.

Level 1. Global Encoding by Mean Pooling Level 2. Temporal-Aware Encoding by biGRU Level 3. Local-Enhanced Encoding by biGRU-CNN

Dong, J., Li, X., Xu, C., Ji, S., & Wang, X. (2018). Dual Dense Encoding for Zero-Example Video Retrieval. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1809.06181*.

## **Video Encoding**

Dense encoding generates new, higher-level features progressively.



## **Sentence Encoding**

Dense encoding for sentences is very similar to the dense encoding for videos.



## **Common Space Learning**

We choose VSE++ as the common space learning model. Note the dual dense encoding can be flexibly applied to other common space learning models.



Faghri, F.; Fleet, D. J.; Kiros, J. R.; and Fidler, S. VSE++: Improved visual-semantic embeddings. In BMVC, 2018.

## **Loss Function**

Triplet Ranking Loss:

$$\mathcal{L}(v,s;\theta) = \max(0,\alpha + S_{\theta}(v,s^{-}) - S_{\theta}(v,s)) + \max(0,\alpha + S_{\theta}(v^{-},s) - S_{\theta}(v,s)),$$

How to select negative samples  $s^-$  and  $v^-$ :

- Randomly selected samples
- Select the most similar yet negative samples

#### Word2VisaulVec++

- Represent sentences into a visual feature space
- Use the improved triplet ranking loss instead of MSE



Dong, J.; Li, X.; and Snoek, C. G. Predicting visual features from text for image and video caption retrieval. IEEE Trans. Multimedia 2018.

#### **Datasets**

	Dataset	#Videos	#Sentences	
Train	MSVD	1,970	80,863	
	MSR-VTT	10,000	200,000	
	TGIF	100,855	124,534	
Validation	tv2016train	200	200	



Video frames are extracted uniformly with an interval of 0.5 second.

CNN features:

- ResNext-101: 2,048 dim
- ResNet-152: 2,048 dim

The extracted features are available at: <a href="https://github.com/li-xirong/avs">https://github.com/li-xirong/avs</a>

## **Ablation Study**

Dense encoding exploiting all the three levels is the best.

#### On MSR-VTT dataset

Encoding strategy	Text-to-Video Retrieval			Video-to-Text Retrieval				Sum of Recalls		
	<b>R@</b> 1	R@5	<b>R@10</b>	Med r	<b>R@</b> 1	R@5	<b>R@10</b>	Med r		
Level 1 (Mean pooling)	6.4	18.8	27.3	47	11.5	27.7	38.2	22	124.4	
Level 2 (biGRU)	6.3	19.4	28.5	38	10.1	26.8	37.7	20	124.8	
Level 3 (biGRU-CNN)	7.3	21.5	31.2	32	10.6	27.3	38.5	20	136.4	
Level 1 + 2	6.9	20.4	29.1	41	11.6	29.6	40.7	18	138.3	
Level 1 + 3	7.5	21.6	31.2	33	11.9	30.5	41.7	16	144.7	
Level $2 + 3$	7.6	22.4	32.2	31	11.9	30.9	42.7	16	147.6	
Level 1 + 2 + 3	7.7	22.0	31.8	32	13.0	30.8	43.3	15	148.6	

## **Our Runs**

Run 0: dual dense encoding model (single )

**Run 1:** equally combines eight dual dense encoding models with their last FC layer and visual feature varies

**Run 2:** equally combines eight Word2VisaulVec++ models with sentence encoding and visual feature varies

**Run 3:** combines run 1, run 2 and eight VSE++ models with sentence encoding and visual feature varies

#### **Evaluation Results**

	Model	Fusion	Set A	Set B	Set C	Set D	Set E
Run 0	Dense	×	0.450	0.448	0.430	0.433	0.448
Run 1	Dense	$\checkmark$	0.505	0.502	0.495	0.494	0.500
Run 2	W2VV++	$\checkmark$	0.458	0.453	0.448	0.436	0.455
Run 3	Dense W2VV++ VSE++	$\checkmark$	0.516	0.505	0.492	0.491	0.509

#### Leaderboard

Our runs lead the evaluation on five test sets.



## **Take-home Messages**

- Dual dense encoding explicitly modeling global, local and temporal patterns is effective to encode videos and sentence
- Late fusion of multiple models is an important trick

The extracted features are available at: <a href="https://github.com/li-xirong/avs">https://github.com/li-xirong/avs</a>

# Thanks!